Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

					d P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended						
Loca	I Unit	of Gov	ernment Type				Local Unit Name			County		
	Count	•	□City	□Twp	□Village	Other						
Fisca	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report	Submitted to State			
We a	ffirm	that	:		•							
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public ac	countants	s licensed to pra	actice in I	Michigan.					
We f	urthe	r affi	rm the follo	wing mat	erial, "no" respo	nses hav	e been discl	osed in the financial	statements, inclu	uding the notes, or in the		
Mana	agem	nent l	_etter (repo	rt of comi	ments and reco	mmenda	tions).					
	YES	9	Check ea	ch applic	able box belo	w . (See i	nstructions fo	r further detail.)				
1.	All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.											
2.		There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.										
3.			The local	unit is in o	compliance with	the Unif	orm Chart of	Accounts issued by	the Department	of Treasury.		
4.			The local	unit has a	idopted a budge	et for all r	equired fund	S.				
5.			A public h	earing on	the budget was	s held in	accordance v	vith State statute.				
6.					ot violated the ssued by the Lo				nder the Emerger	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or		
7.			The local	unit has n	ot been delinqu	uent in dis	stributing tax	revenues that were	collected for ano	ther taxing unit.		
8.			The local	unit only l	nolds deposits/i	nvestmer	nts that comp	ly with statutory req	uirements.			
9.								s that came to our a sed (see Appendix H		ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>		
10.			that have	not been	previously com	municate	d to the Loca		Division (LAFD)	during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that has		
11.			The local	unit is fre	e of repeated co	omments	from previou	s years.				
12.			The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	Э.						
13.					complied with G		or GASB 34 a	s modified by MCG	AA Statement #7	and other generally		
14.			The board	l or counc	il approves all i	invoices p	orior to payme	ent as required by cl	harter or statute.			
15.			To our kno	owledge,	bank reconcilia	tions that	were review	ed were performed t	timely.			
If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is no included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and description(s) of the authority and/or commission. I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.												
We	have	e end	closed the	following	g:	Enclosed	d Not Requir	ed (enter a brief justific	cation)			
Fina	ancia	l Sta	tements									
The letter of Comments and Recommendations				ommendations								
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)									
Certi	fied P	ublic A	Accountant (Fir	m Name)				Telephone Number				
Stree	et Add	ress						City	State	Zip		
Authorizing CPA Signature Kenneth a. Berthiauma				Р	rinted Name	<u> </u>	License I	Number				

FREMONT TOWNSHIP

Saginaw County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets. Statement of Activities.	3 4
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	5
Governmental Activities	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	8
Notes to Financial Statements.	10
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	19
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund – Trash Fund	20
Other Supplemental Information:	
General Fund:	
Detailed Schedule of Revenues.	22
Detailed Schedule of Expenditures	23
Fiduciary Fund:	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	26



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Township Board Fremont Township, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fremont Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Fremont Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fremont Township, as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fremont Township's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying financial statements do not present a management's discussion and analysis, which would be an analysis of the financial performance for the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that this analysis is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Berthiaume & Co.

September 3, 2008



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2008

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 236,430
Receivables	35,177
Prepaid expenses	54,104
Capital assets:	
Depreciable capital assets, net	 47,829
Total assets	 373,540
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	 11,811
Total liabilities	 11,811
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	47,829
Restricted for:	
Future construction code activities	4,210
Unrestricted	 309,690
Total net assets	\$ 361,729

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Program Revenues			ues				
	E	xpenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			Net Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs:								
General government	\$	93,091	\$	6,205	\$	-	\$	(86,886)
Public safety		48,000		71		-		(47,929)
Public works		131,917		65,458		3,850		(62,609)
Community and economic development		6,373		6,811		-		438
Recreation and culture		4,700	_			-		(4,700)
Total governmental activities		284,081		78,545		3,850		(201,686)
	Gene	ral revenues	s					
		xes:						
			es. 1	evied for gene	eral pur	nose		75,526
		Franchise fee			F	r		96
	Gra	ants and cor	ıtrib	utions not res	tricted	to		
		pecific prog						143,520
				tment earning	S			6,627
				n sale of capit		ets		1,000
	Т	Total genera	l rev	venues and sp	ecial ite	em		226,769
	(Change in ne	et as	sets				25,083
	Net assets, beginning of year							336,646
	Net a	ssets, end o	f ye	ar			\$	361,729

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

March 31, 2008

	General Fund		 Trash Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	161,931	\$ 74,499	\$	236,430	
Taxes receivable		5,905	-		5,905	
Accounts receivable		-	6,720		6,720	
Due from other governmental units		22,552	-		22,552	
Prepaid expenditures		48,000	 6,104		54,104	
Total assets	\$	238,388	\$ 87,323	\$	325,711	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$		\$ 11,811	\$	11,811	
Total liabilities		-	 11,811		11,811	
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Prepaid expenditures		48,000	6,104		54,104	
Future construction code activities		4,210	-		4,210	
Unreserved:						
General fund		186,178	-		186,178	
Special revenue funds			 69,408		69,408	
Total fund balances		238,388	 75,512		313,900	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	238,388	\$ 87,323	\$	325,711	

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

March 31, 2008

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 313,900

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of of net assets is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets 93,895
Less accumulated depreciation (46,066)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 361,729

47,829

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

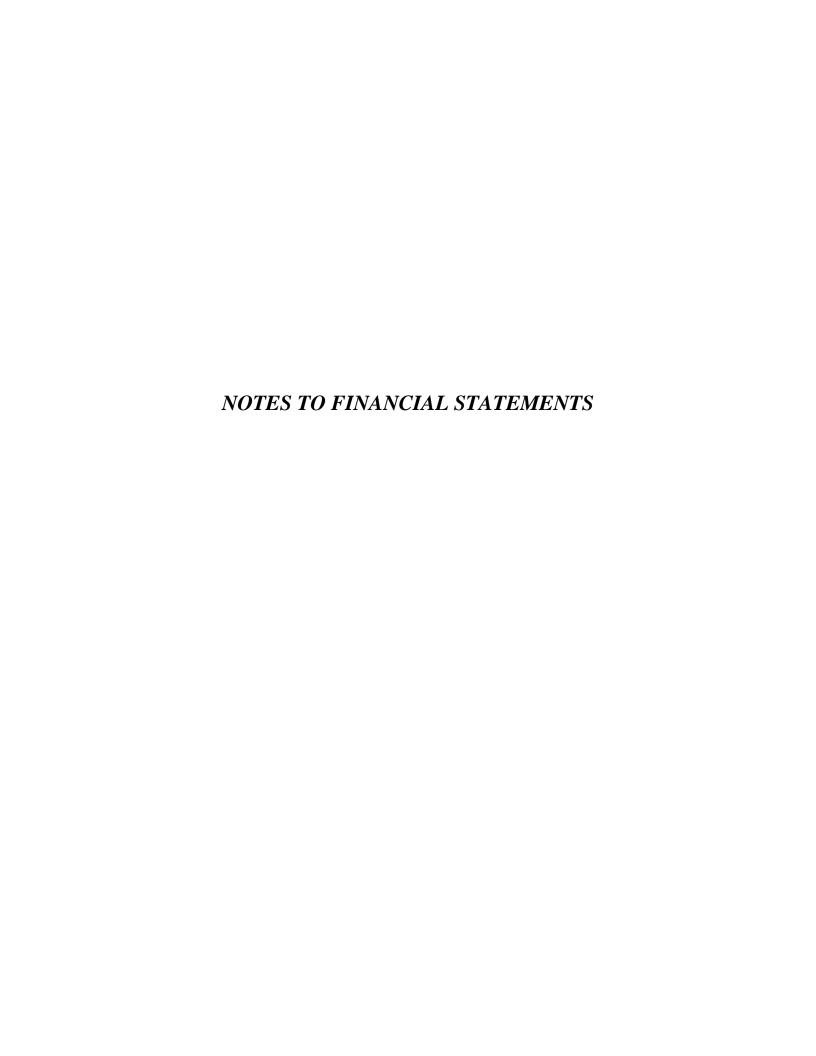
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	 General Fund	Trash Fund	Go	Total evernmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 75,526	\$ -	\$	75,526
Licenses and permits	15,489	-		15,489
State grants	150,533	=		150,533
Charges for services	8,211	65,440		73,651
Fines and forfeits	71	-		71
Interest and rents	6,101	2,946		9,047
Other revenue	 3,372	18		3,390
Total revenues	 259,303	68,404		327,707
Expenditures:				
Current				
General government	80,542	-		80,542
Public safety	48,000	-		48,000
Public works	56,684	75,233		131,917
Community and economic development	20,344	-		20,344
Recreation and culture	4,700	=		4,700
Other	13,539	=		13,539
Capital outlay	 1,150			1,150
Total expenditures	 224,959	75,233		300,192
Net change in fund balances	34,344	(6,829)		27,515
Fund balances, beginning of year	 204,044	82,341		286,385
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 238,388	\$ 75,512	\$	313,900

FREMONT TOWNSHIP

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 27,515
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	1,150	
Less depreciation expense	(3,582)	 (2,432)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 25,083



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2008

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Fremont Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity:

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Township. In evaluating the Township as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the Township may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the Township's financial statements. The Township (the primary government) has no component units and accordingly, the Township has not consolidated any entities into its financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are business-type activities. There are no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Township's net assets are reported in three parts (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, (2) restricted net assets, and (3) unrestricted net assets. The Township first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

March 31, 2008

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Township's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The Township does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Township has eliminated interfund transactions.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the Township as an entity and the change in the Township's net assets resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Fiduciary funds are accounted for on a spending or economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

March 31, 2008

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Trash Fund** is used to account for the revenues and expenditures for trash services.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do no conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments, if any, are stated at fair value.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u> – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Township defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$500. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Public domain (infrastructure) assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) are capitalized if acquired after April 1, 2004. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-20 years
Site improvements	20 years

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The Township does not allow the carryover of unused sick or vacation days. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

 $\underline{\textit{Long-term Obligations}}$ – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

March 31, 2008

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Property Taxes:

Township property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. These tax bills include the Township's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of Saginaw County and the school districts within the Township boundaries.

The 2007 taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$63,884,100 on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .9238 mills for the Township's operating purposes.

The delinquent real property taxes of the Township are purchased by Saginaw County. The delinquent real property taxes are received soon enough after year end to be recorded as revenue in the current year.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Township Clerk submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget by fund for each year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted by adoption of the Township Board.
- 4. Any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Township Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 6. Governmental fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund budgets as originally adopted and amended by the Township Board is included in the required supplemental information.
- 7. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

March 31, 2008

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds:

During the year, the Township did not incur expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted.

State Construction Code Act:

The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative surplus at April 1, 2007	\$ 3,168
Current year building permit revenue	15,380
Related expenditures:	
Direct costs 12,800	
Indirect costs 1,538	 14,338
Cumulative surplus at March 31, 2008	\$ 4,210

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency of instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, the Township had \$226,566 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts), of which \$176,027 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits, and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

At year end, the Township had no investments.

March 31, 2008

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2008 was as follows:

	April 1, 2007		Additions		Deductions		 arch 31, 2008
Governmental activities:							
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	28,130	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 28,130
Furniture and equipment		14,220		-		-	14,220
Site improvements		50,395		1,150			 51,545
Total depreciable capital assets		92,745		1,150		-	93,895
Accumulated depreciation		(42,484)		(3,582)			 (46,066)
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	50,261	\$	(2,432)	\$		\$ 47,829

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 3,365
Community and economic development	 217
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,582

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Township had no long-term liabilities at March 31, 2008.

March 31, 2008

NOTE 6: DISAGGREGATED RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables and payables as of year end for the Township's governmental activities in the aggregate are as follows:

-	•	
ĸ	eceiva	hlec.
T/	CCCIVA	inico.

Property taxes	\$ 5,905
Accounts	6,720
Intergovernmental	 22,552
Total receivables	\$ 35,177

Accounts payable and accrued expenses:

Accounts	\$ 11,811
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,811

NOTE 7: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Township had no outstanding interfund receivable and payable balances at March 31, 2008.

There were no interfund transfers during the fiscal year.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), and natural disasters. The Township manages its liability and property risk by participating in Michigan Township Participating Plan, a public entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members.

The Township pays an annual premium to Michigan Township Participating Plan for its insurance coverage. The Michigan Township Participating Plan is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility of small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

March 31, 2008

NOTE 9: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Pension Plan:

The Township has no pension plan.

Post Employment Benefits:

The Township provides no post employment benefits to its retirees.

Deferred Compensation Plan:

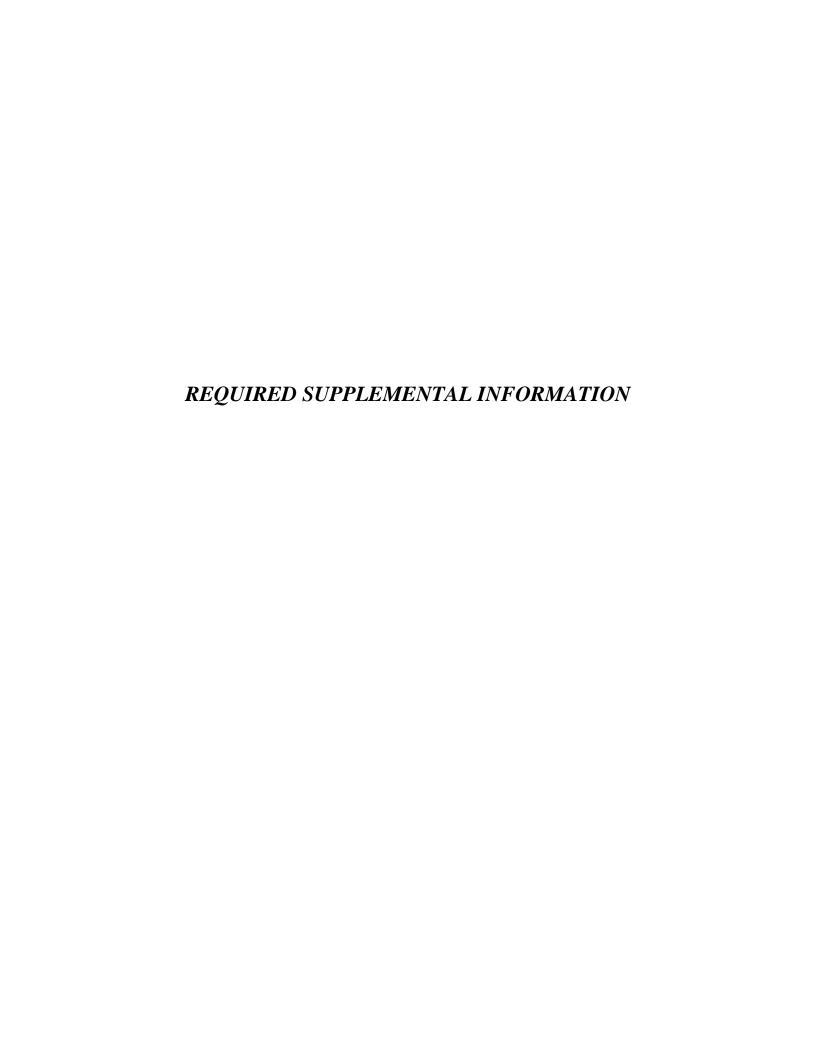
The Township has no deferred compensation plan.

NOTE 10: FUND EQUITY

Specific reservations on fund equity include:

Reserved for prepaid expenditures – This reserve was created to indicate that the portion of fund balance represented by prepaid expenditures is not available for appropriation.

Reserved for future construction code activities – This reserve was created to indicate that the portion of fund balance represented by future construction code activities is not available for appropriation.



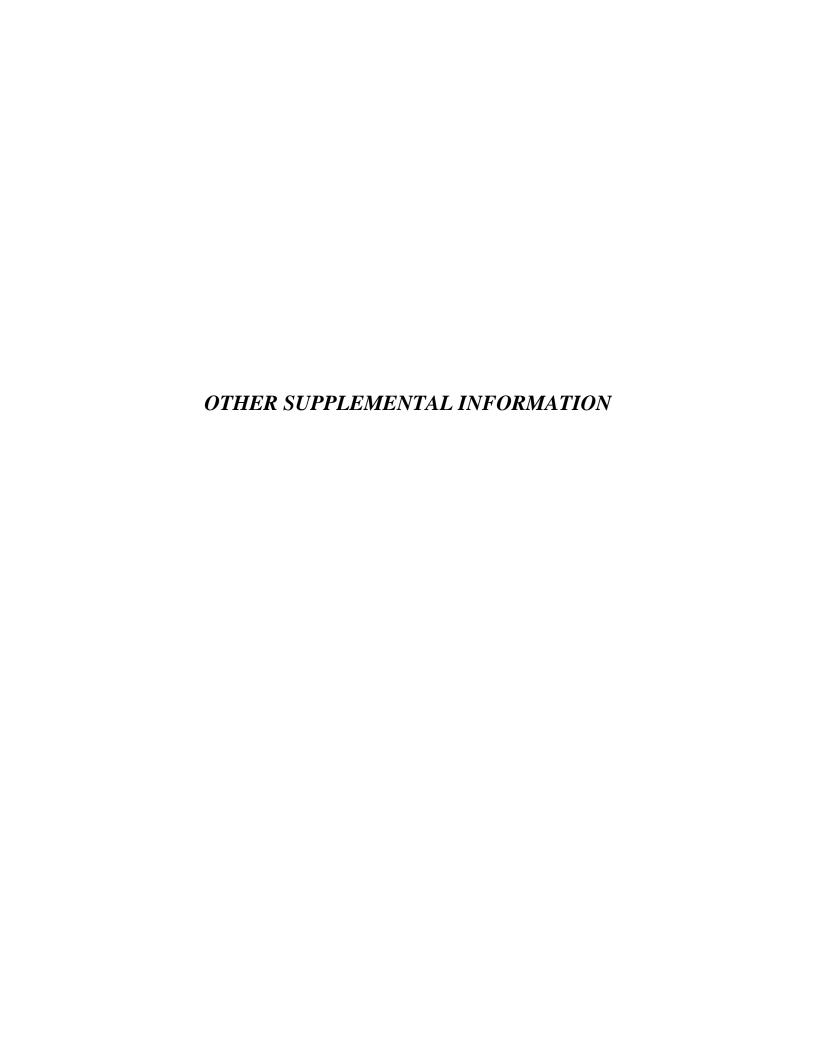
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts						Actual Over (Under)		
	_ (Original	l Final		Actual		Final Budget		
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	75,526	\$	(14,474)	
Licenses and permits		15,000		15,000		15,489		489	
State grants		145,000		145,000		150,533		5,533	
Charges for services		-		-		8,211		8,211	
Fines and forfeits		-		-		71		71	
Interest and rents		5,500		5,500		6,101		601	
Other revenue		10,000		10,000	_	3,372		(6,628)	
Total revenues		265,500		265,500		259,303		(6,197)	
Expenditures:									
Current									
General government		85,500		90,000		80,542		(9,458)	
Public safety		48,000		48,000		48,000		-	
Public works		80,800		69,300		56,684		(12,616)	
Community and economic development		25,000		25,000		20,344		(4,656)	
Recreation and culture		4,700		4,700		4,700		-	
Other		15,000		15,000		13,539		(1,461)	
Capital outlay		1,500		1,500	_	1,150		(350)	
Total expenditures		260,500	_	253,500		224,959		(28,541)	
Net change in fund balance		5,000		12,000		34,344		22,344	
Fund balance, beginning of year		204,044		204,044		204,044			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	209,044	\$	216,044	\$	238,388	\$	22,344	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – TRASH FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

							A	Actual
	Budgeted Amounts						Over (Under)	
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	65,440	\$	(4,560)
Interest and rents		-		-		2,946		2,946
Other revenue		=		-		18		18
Total revenues		70,000		70,000		68,404		(1,596)
Expenditures:								
Current		75,000		02.000		75 000		(6.767)
Public works		75,000		82,000		75,233		(6,767)
Total expenditures		75,000		82,000		75,233		(6,767)
Net change in fund balance		(5,000)		(12,000)		(6,829)		5,171
Fund balance, beginning of year		82,341		82,341		82,341		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	77,341	\$	70,341	\$	75,512	\$	5,171



DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

Current Taxes:	
Property taxes	\$ 59,010
Penalties and interest on taxes	32
Administration fees	16,484
	75,526
Licenses and permits:	
Nonbusiness licenses and permits	15,393
CATV franchise fees	96
	15,489
State Grants:	
Summer tax collection reimbursement	3,163
State revenue sharing - sales tax	143,520
Metro authority right-of-way	3,850
Tious wanterly right of way	150,533
Charges for services:	
Cemetery fees	1,400
Zoning fees/land splits	6,811
	8,211
Fines and forfeits:	
Ordinance fines	71
Interest and rents:	
Interest	3,681
Rents	2,420
	6,101
Other Revenue:	
Sale of fixed assets	1,000
Reimbursements	190
Refunds and rebates	2,182
	3,372
Total revenues	\$ 259,303

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

General Government:	
Board:	
Personnel	\$ 2,240
Supplies	630
Mileage	321
Dues and memberships	85
Education and training	1,836
Printing and publications	196
Other	1,535
	6,843
Supervisor:	
Personnel	9,134
Clerk:	
Personnel	10,260
Audit:	
Contracted services	1,850
Board of Review:	
Personnel	1,250
Treasurer:	
Personnel	17,445
Supplies	2,813
Contracted services	3,284
Mileage	653
	24,195
Assessor:	
Contracted services	9,116
Elections:	
Contracted services	1,720
Other	676
	2,396
Building and Grounds:	
Personnel	3,139
Supplies	383
Contracted services	525
Telephone	1,336
Utilities	4,088
Repairs and maintenance	548
Other	948
	10,967
Attorney:	
Contracted services	545

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, CONTINUED

General Government, continued:	
Cemetery:	
Personnel	1,030
Supplies Other	415 2,541
Oulei	3,986
Total general government	80,542
Public Safety:	
Fire:	
Contracted services	48,000
Public Works:	
Drains:	0.074
Contracted services	8,974
Roads:	47.125
Contracted services	47,135
Street Lighting: Utilities	575
Total public works	56,684
Community and Economic Development:	
Zoning:	15.501
Personnel Supplies	15,581 505
Contracted services	1,818
Mileage	332
Dues and memberships	1,528
Education and training	440
Other	140
	20,344
Recreation and Culture: Parks:	
Contracted services	1,700
r -1	
Library: Contracted services	3,000
Total recreation and culture	4,700

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES, CONTINUED

Other:	
Insurance	9,243
Payroll taxes	4,296
	13,539
Capital Outlay:	
General government	1,150
Total expenditures	\$ 224.959

FIDUCIARY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

March 31, 2008

Current Tax Collection Fund:								
	April 1, 2007		Additions		Deductions		March 31, 2008	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,562,377	\$	1,562,377	\$	-
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other governmental units	\$	-	\$	134,711 1,427,666	\$	134,711 1,427,666	\$	- -

<u>\$ - \$ 1,562,377 \$ 1,562,377 \$</u>



60 Harrow Lane Saginaw, Michigan 48638

(989) 791-1555 Fax (989) 791-1992

REQUIRED COMMUNICATION TO FREMONT TOWNSHIP IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

To the Township Board Fremont Township

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fremont Township for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated September 3, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated October 23, 2007, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our engagement letter.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Fremont Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates may be particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements.

Disclosures

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures may be particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users.

<u>Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit</u>

We encountered no difficulties in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements, if any.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 3, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Discussions with Management

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Internal Control Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Fremont Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Fremont Township 's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Municipality's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Municipality's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Municipality's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined above.

Deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above, follow:

Recording, Processing and Summarizing Accounting Data

Criteria: All governmental units are required to have in place internal controls over recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements. SAS No. 112 requires us to communicate with you about this.

Conditions: As is the case with many smaller and medium-sized entities, the government has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the government has placed reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the government's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by the government's decision that it is more cost effective to have external auditors recommend the necessary adjusting journal entries to its general ledger and prepare the financial statements than to incur the time and expense for the government to perform these tasks internally.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the government lacks internal controls over the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and instead relied, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

View of Responsible Officials: The government has evaluated the cost versus benefit of establishing internal controls over the recording, processing, summarizing accounting data and preparing financial statements, and determined that it is in the best interests of the government to rely on its external auditors to recommend the necessary adjustments and preparation of the financial statements.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Township Board, and others within the Municipality, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Berthiaume & Company Certified Public Accountants Saginaw, Michigan

Berchiaume & Co.

September 3, 2008